January 16, 2017

The Honorable Kirstjen M. Nielsen Secretary U.S. Department of Homeland Security 3801 Nebraska Avenue NW Washington, DC 20528

Dear Secretary Nielsen:

We, the undersigned organizations who serve or work on behalf of immigrants, refugees, and asylum seekers, write to express our profound opposition to the proposal currently under review to separate migrant families arriving or apprehended at our borders.¹ This proposed policy is fundamentally un-American, cruel, and breaches U.S. and international child welfare and refugee principles and laws. Family separation will only further traumatize those already fleeing harm, and will inhibit their ability to access a legal process to which they have a right. Moreover, family separation will not deter future others from seeking protection. Instead, it will only render them even more vulnerable on an already dangerous journey. We urge you to reverse course on any policy proposal that would seek to tear apart families or otherwise inflict trauma and harm.

Family unity is recognized as a fundamental human right, enshrined in international law.² Moreover, separating children from their parents is cruel, traumatizing all those involved,³ and exposes children to toxic stress that can have lifelong consequences.⁴ The American Academy of Pediatrics expressed serious concern over a similar proposal by your predecessor, calling the plan "harsh and counterproductive" and stating that authorities should "exercise caution to ensure that the emotional and physical stress children experience as they seek refuge in the United States is not exacerbated by the additional trauma of being separated from their siblings, parents or other relatives and caregivers."⁵

As illustrated by a complaint recently filed with the Department of Homeland Security's (DHS) oversight components, as well as recent media reports, separating family members at the border, including in numerous instances where a parent is subsequently referred for criminal prosecution, presents additional, unnecessary obstacles to meaningfully accessing the legal process. The practice of separating family

https://www.washingtonpost.com/world/national-security/to-curb-illegal-border-crossings-trump-administration-weighs-new-measures-targeting-families/2017/12/21/19300dc2-e66c-11e7-9ec2-518810e7d44d_story.html?utm_term=.b453d1a71549

¹ "Trump Administration Considers Separating Families to Combat Illegal Immigration," *New York Times,* December 21, 2017. <u>https://www.nytimes.com/2017/12/21/us/trump-immigrant-families-separate.html? r=0.</u> "To curb illegal border crossings, Trump administration weighs new measures targeting families," *Washington Post*, December 21, 2017.

² Family unity as a protected right can be found in: Final Act of the 1951 U. N. Conference of Plenipotentiaries on the Status Of Refugees and Stateless Persons, Recommendation B.; U.N. International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, art. 23, (March 23, 1976); U.N. Convention on the Rights of the Child, art. 9, (September 2, 1990); General Comment 6 to the Convention, "Treatment of Unaccompanied and Separated Children Outside their Country of Origin" (CRC 2005).

³ For further discussion, see: Women's Refugee Commission, Kids in Need of Defense, and Lutheran Immigration and Refugee Service: *Betraying Family Values: How Immigration Policy at the United States Border is Separating Families*. March 2017. Pp. 12-13. https://www.womensrefugeecommission.org/rights/gbv/resources/1450-betraying-family-values. See also: American Immigration Council. *Divided by Detention: Asylum-Seeking Families' Experiences of Separation*. August 2016.

https://www.americanimmigrationcouncil.org/research/divided-by-detention-asylum-seeking-families-experience-of-separation ⁴ Artiga, S. and Ubri, P, Kaiser Family Foundation, *Living in an Immigrant Family in America: How Fear and Toxic Stress are Affecting Daily Life, Well-Being, & Health*, December 13, 2017, available at: <u>https://www.kff.org/report-section/living-in-an-immigrant-family-in-america-issue-brief/</u>.

⁵ See "AAP Statement Opposing Separation of Mothers and Children at the Border." March 4, 2017. Available at: <u>https://www.aap.org/en-us/about-the-aap/aap-press-room/Pages/immigrantmotherschildrenseparation.aspx</u>. For further discussion and recommendations on the treatment of immigrant children, see also: Linton JM, Griffin M, Shapiro AJ, AAP COUNCIL ON COMMUNITY PEDIATRICS. Detention of Immigrant Children. *Pediatrics*. March 2017. Available at: <u>http://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/pediatrics/early/2017/03/09/peds.2017-0483.full.pdf</u>

members at the border seriously impacts the ability to present their case for legal protection.⁶ Parents or children may be uncomfortable or simply unable to articulate the details of an asylum claim that is in fact linked to the family member from whom they have been separated. Separation could also result in only one family member retaining important documents that help the family to establish identity or provide much needed evidence to support their claim. Currently, DHS components and the Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR) lack the mechanisms to ensure not only that communication between separated family members is coordinated, but also to ensure that family members who have been separated can pursue their case together if they wish to do so. Cases where one family member is referred for criminal prosecution for illegal entry or illegal re-entry present not only additional hurdles to family reunification, but the DHS Office of Inspector General (OIG) has already identified the prosecution of asylum seekers as a practice that may violate U.S. obligations under international law.⁷

In addition, rendering thousands of children unaccompanied and sending them to ORR custody will unnecessarily overwhelm the system and cause a crisis in care. Children may ultimately languish in CBP custody for significant periods of time as they await transfer to ORR shelters that will now find themselves with a sudden and significant increase in children, including toddlers and babies, requiring care. In other words, family separation would not only traumatize families and create obstacles to protection, it will come at great financial cost and create chaos while overburdening current government systems.

Many of the families who are currently turning themselves in to U.S. border officials or presenting themselves at ports of entry are doing so because they feel they have no other choice for survival. Similar policies of detaining asylum-seeking families to deter their migration have already been found by a U.S. court to violate U.S. law.⁸ Comprehensive research of DHS data has proven that even U.S. policies of deterrence will have little impact on migration from Northern Triangle countries, and in fact, spikes in regional violence have a causal effect in driving migration.⁹ Indeed, evidence has shown that children and families fleeing Northern Triangle countries continue to seek asylum in other surrounding countries.¹⁰

Secretary Nielsen, we implore you to respect the principles of family unity and liberty in our immigration and border enforcement policies. Families should not be separated nor needlessly locked up in costly and

⁶ American Immigration Council, Women's Refugee Commission, et al. "The Separation of Family Members Apprehended by or Found Inadmissible while in U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Custody at the U.S.-Mexico Border." Complaint filed with DHS Office of Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (CRCL) and Office of Inspector General (OIG), December 11, 2017. Available at: <u>https://www.womensrefugeecommission.org/images/zdocs/Family-Separation-Complaint-FINAL-PUBLIC-12-11-17.pdf</u>. See also: "Trump moves to end 'catch and release', prosecuting parents and removing children who cross border," *Houston Chronicle*, November 25, 2017. Available at: <u>http://www.houstonchronicle.com/news/houstontexas/houston/article/Trump-moves-to-end-catch-and-release-12383666.php</u>.

⁷ The 1951 Refugee Convention states: "The Contracting States shall not impose penalties, on account of their illegal entry or presence, on refugees who, coming directly from a territory where their life or freedom was threatened...." See: *Streamline: Measuring its Effect on Illegal Border Crossing*, DHS Office of the Inspector General, May 2015, pp. 16-17, available at: <u>https://www.oig.dhs.gov/assets/Mgmt/2015/OIG_15-95_May15.pdf</u>. See also: *The Rise in Criminal Prosecutions of Asylum Seekers*, Human Rights First, July 2017, available at: <u>http://www.humanrightsfirst.org/sites/default/files/hrf-criminal-prosecution-of-asylum-seekers.pdf</u>.

⁸ See R.I.L.R. v Johnson. Information available at: <u>https://www.aclu.org/cases/rilr-v-johnson</u>

⁹ See Violence, Development, and Migration Waves: Evidence from Central American Child Migrant Apprehensions, CGD Working Paper 459. Washington, DC: Center for Global Development, available at: <u>https://www.cgdev.org/publication/violence-development-and-migration-waves-evidence-central-american-child-migrant</u> (Finding that in almost 180,000 cases of unaccompanied child migration from Northern Triangle from 2011 through 2016, U.S. policies, environmental and economic factors provided no reliable indicator for a child's migration. Instead they concluded violence was the single biggest indicator and that for every ten murders in a region, six additional children will migrate).

¹⁰ See "They Are Refugees: An Increasing Number of People Are Fleeing Violence in the Northern Triangle," *Center for American Progress*, February 24, 2016. Available at:

https://www.americanprogress.org/issues/immigration/news/2016/02/24/131645/they-are-refugees-an-increasing-number-of-people-are-fleeing-violence-in-the-northern-triangle/

inhumane family or adult detention facilities. The Department has long had alternatives available to both practices, including the recently terminated Family Case Management Program (FCMP), to mitigate flight risk and support compliance with immigration requirements and court proceedings.¹¹ Respecting the fundamental right to family unity and the right to seek safety without fearing punishment through detention or separation from one's children, parents, or other family members is not at odds with our laws and values but in fact a central component of those laws and values that this Administration has committed to uphold.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to reach out to Katharina Obser at the Women's Refugee Commission at <u>katharinao@wrcommission.org</u> or Katie Shepherd at the American Immigration Council at <u>kshepherd@immcouncil.org</u> for more information.

Sincerely,

National Organizations

African American Ministers In Action

America's Voice

American Civil Liberties Union

American Friends Service Committee (AFSC)

American Immigration Lawyers Association

American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC)

Americans for Immigrant Justice

Amnesty International USA

Appleseed

Asian Pacific Institute on Gender-Based Violence

ASISTA

Asylum Seeker Advocacy Project (ASAP) at the Urban Justice Center

Casa de Esperanza: National Latin@ Network for Healthy Families and Communities

Catholic Legal Immigration Network, Inc.

Center for American Progress

Center for Constitutional Rights (CCR)

Center for Gender & Refugee Studies

Center for Justice and International Law (CEJIL)

Center on Immigration and Child Welfare

Center on Immigration at Cabrini University

Church World Service

Congregation of Our Lady of Charity of the Good Shepherd, US Provinces

¹¹ "ICE Shuts Down Family Case Management Program," *The Atlantic*, June 9, 2017, available at:

https://www.theatlantic.com/news/archive/2017/06/ice-shuts-down-program-for-asylum-seekers/529887/. See also: American Immigration Lawyers Association, Lutheran Immigration and Refugee Service, National Immigrant Justice Center, and Women's Refugee Commission. *The Real Alternatives to Family Detention*. Available at: http://www.aila.org/infonet/the-real-alternatives-to-detention. Available at: http://www.aila.org/infonet/the-real-alternatives-to-detention.

CREDO Detention Watch Network Farmworker Justice First Focus Franciscan Action Network Free Migration Project **Futures Without Violence** Global Campaign to End Immigration Detention of Children Grassroots Leadership HIAS Human Rights First Human Rights Watch **Immigrant Justice Corps** Immigrant Legal Resource Center International Detention Coalition (IDC) International Rescue Committee Jobs With Justice Kids in Need of Defense Latin America Working Group Lutheran Immigration and Refugee Service Maryknoll Office for Global Concerns MomsRising National Advocacy Center of the Sisters of the Good Shepherd National Association of Social Workers (NASW) National Center for Youth Law National Council of Jewish Women National Employment Law Project National Immigrant Justice Center National Immigration Law Center National Network to End Domestic Violence National Resource Center on Domestic Violence Oxfam America Partnership for America's Children People For the American Way **PICO** National Network Save the Children Southeast Asia Resource Action Center (SEARAC)

Southern Border Communities Coalition Southern Poverty Law Center Tahirih Justice Center The Advocates for Human Rights The Center for Victims of Torture The Children's Partnership The United Methodist Church - General Board of Church and Society U.S. Committee for Refugees and Immigrants Unitarian Universalist Service Committee Voto Latino Washington Office on Latin America We Belong Together Women's Refugee Commission Young Center for Immigrant Children's Rights

State/Local Organizations

African Services Committee Al Otro Lado Aldea - The People's Justice Center American Gateways Arizona Chapter, American Immigration Lawyers Association Atlas: DIY **BorderLinks** California Immigrant Policy Center Capital Area Immigrants' Rights Coalition Casa Mariposa Detention Visitation Program Catholic Charities of Southern New Mexico Center for the Human Rights of Children, Loyola University Chicago Central American Resource Center Coalition to Abolish Slavery & Trafficking Colibrí Center for Human Rights Empowerment Congress of Doña Ana County End Streamline Coalition Fuerza del Valle Healthy House Within a MATCH Organization

Her Justice Hope Border Institute Human Rights Initiative of North Texas Immigrant Legal Advocacy Project Interfaith Welcome Coalition Keep Tucson Together Kino Border Initiative La Union del Pueblo Entero Labor Justice Committee Las Cruces Christian Coalitian Las Cruces CIVIC Law Foundation of Silicon Valley Migrant Rights Collective NM CAFe Northern Illinois Justice for Our Neighbors Pangea Legal Services Pantsuit Austin Pantsuit Republic Pennsylvania Council of Churches Pennsylvania Immigration and Citizenship Coalition Pennsylvania Immigration Resource Center Pima County Interfaith Civic Education Organization (PCICEO) Public Counsel Refugee and Immigrant Center for Education and Legal Services (RAICES) Roman Catholic Diocese of Las Cruces Shalom Mennonite Fellowship Shut Down Berks Coalition Southside Worker Center Southwest Environmental Center St. Mark's Presbyterian Church Su Casa Catholic Worker The Florence Immigrant and Refugee Rights Project The Resurrection Project

Tucson Samaritans

Tulsa Immigrant Resource Network Unitarian Universalist Legislative Advocacy Network USC International Human Rights Clinic YWCA Greater Austin